

THE MYSORE GAZETTE.

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PART I.

Notifications by the Chief Commissioner of Mysore

GENERAL.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 191.

The 26th September 1874.

The following Bye-laws of the Cantonment Municipality are, with the approval of the Chief Commissioner, extended to the town of Bangalore.

No. 43.—Any person easing himself either in the vicinity of, or outside or in any part of any public latrine, other than in the trench made for the purpose, shall be liable, on conviction before any Magistrate, to a penalty not exceeding half a rupee for the first and one rupee for the second and two rupees for each succeeding offence.

No. 44.—Any person of one sex who shall wilfully intrude into any public latrine set apart for the use of the opposite sex shall be liable, on conviction before any Magistrate, to a penalty of five rupees for the first and ten rupees for the second and each succeeding offence.

No. 45.—No person shall use a public urinal for other than the purpose for which it is provided; any person infringing this Bye-law by using the same as a latrine or otherwise defiling it, shall be liable, on conviction before any Magistrate, to a fine of half a rupee for the first, one rupee for the second, and two rupees for each succeeding offence.

5.

The 1st October 1874.

It is hereby notified under the provisions of Section 4 of Act X of 1870 (Land Acquisition Act) the land comprised in the limits hereunder described, and situated in the villages of Upparhalli and Malahalli is required for public purposes, that is, for the residence of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

South.—From junction of Yelahanka cross-road and Miller's road, below and north of Madras Railway Terminus; along Upparhalli road, and crossing Cathcart road, to junction with Sampangi supply channel.

West.—Thence, north, along the Sampangi supply channel to the point where the limits of the villages of Malahalli and Vyali Kaval meet.

North.—Thence, east, crossing the Cathcart road, and along a pathway, to junction with the Yelahanka cross-road.

East.—Thence, south, along Yelahanka cross-road to point of junction with Miller's road.

No. 201.

The 8th October 1874.

Defining the Forest rights of occupiers in the kans of Scrab and other Taluks.

1. The right of tapping toddy trees subject to the Abkari Rules, and of cultivating pepper, as also collecting gum and honey, and all jungle produce, is conceded to the holder of the kan, who may further collect leaves for manure (Sop), and fell underwood to the extent absolutely necessary for securing the growth of the pepper vines.

2. But the kan-holder has no right to fell any timber whatever, nor any right whatever over the timber trees growing in the kan. If the holder is found cutting or injuring timber trees in any way, the terms of his tenure of the kan will be considered to have been broken, and the kan will be at once resumed, while he will be further liable to punishment for breach of the Forest Rules.

No. 205.

The 9th October 1874.

Venkatnarnsiengar, Amildar of the Chiknayakanhalli Taluk, is granted two months' privilege leave from the date on which Bhagavant Rao, Amildar of the Kunigal Taluk, returned to duty.

On the return to duty of Bhagavant Rao, from the leave granted to him in Notification No. 152 of 17th August 1874, he is directed to assume charge of the Chiknayakanhalli Taluk, during Venkatnarnsiengar's absence, or until further orders.

Alli Nakkikhan Mekri, at present acting Amildar of Kunigal, to continue in charge of that taluk until further orders.

No. 206.

The 19th October 1874.

Mr. P. N. Purnaiya, Assistant Commissioner, delivered over, and Mr. C. Soob Rao, Assistant Commissioner, received, charge of the Bangalore District Treasury on the afternoon of the 6th October 1874.

No. 207.

The 20th October 1874.

Mr. F. C. Hicks, Assistant Conservator of Forests, availed himself of the three months and six days' leave on medical certificate granted to him in Notification No. 200, dated 6th October 1874, on the 9th October 1874.

No. 208.

The 20th October 1874.

Surgeon T. J. McGann of the Nagar Division, is granted two months' privilege leave of absence, from the 2nd November 1874, or from such date as he may avail himself of it.

No. 209.

The 20th October 1874.

The two months' privilege leave granted to Venkatnarnaiengar, Amildar of the Chiknayakanhalli Taluk, and the subsidiary arrangements thereon, sanctioned in Notification No. 205, dated 9th October 1874, are hereby cancelled.

No. 210.

The 21st October 1874.

Mr. Cuningham, Assistant Commissioner, Shimoga, availed himself of the one month's privilege leave granted to him, in Notification No. 202, dated 9th October 1874, on the 14th October 1874.

No. 211.

The 22nd October 1874.

Hanumant Rao, Peshkar of the Kolar Taluk, acted as 5th Grade Amildar and 3rd Class Magistrate of the Kolar Taluk, from the 18th July to the 1st October 1874.

No. 212.

The 22nd October 1874.

The following Extract from the Proceedings of the Bombay Government is published for the purpose stated in the 1st para of the Resolution of that Government.

"By Order,"

H. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of Bombay in the Revenue Department, No. 5330, dated 7th October 1874.

READ the following papers:—

Letter from Colonel H. W. Holland, Commissary General, To the Secretary to Government, in the Military Department, No. 78—3789, dated 28th August 1874.

I have the honor to forward for the information of His Excellency the Governor in Council, and for such action as may be deemed necessary, letters from the Superintendent, Government Cattle Farm, Allgaum, Nos. 78—285 and 78—287, dated 18th and 21st instant, (with accompaniment,) on a parasite which annually attacks so many sheep all over the country.

2. A phial containing a few of the parasites has been sent by post.

Letter from Lieut.-Colonel J. F. Berthon, Superintendent, Government Cattle Farm, To the Commissary General of the Army, Poona, No. 78—285, A, dated 18th August 1874.

I have the honor to forward a report from Inspecting Veterinary Surgeon F. F. Collins, concerning the parasite which annually causes so many deaths among the Government sheep, and indeed among flocks all over the country.

2. I am greatly indebted to Mr. Collins for the trouble he has taken in investigating this subject, for, up to the present time, I have been totally at a loss to account for so many very sudden deaths among the sheep, although I had personally made hundreds of post mortem examinations, and also forwarded many carcasses to Poona the last two or three years for the same purpose.

3. This most serious disease affects the sheep more or less all the year round, perhaps more severely in the rainy season, when grass is abundant. The first symptom is a distressing discharge at the nostrils which becomes more and more glutinous, until the sheep very often breathes with the greatest difficulty. The grubs are then supposed to have arrived at maturity, and drop out on the earth, forming a chrysalis. If not, the sheep dies. At present, at least eighty per cent of all sheep are afflicted with the disorder, and I believe that about fifty per cent are never free from it.